

Year 2

Visual calculation
methods

Mental Addition

MA2a: Counting On

Ones

$$12 + 5 = 17$$



MA3: Number Bonds

$$45 + 95 = 140$$

$$40 + 100 = 140$$



MA4: Double & Adjust

$$45 + 46 = 91$$

$$45 + 45 + 1$$

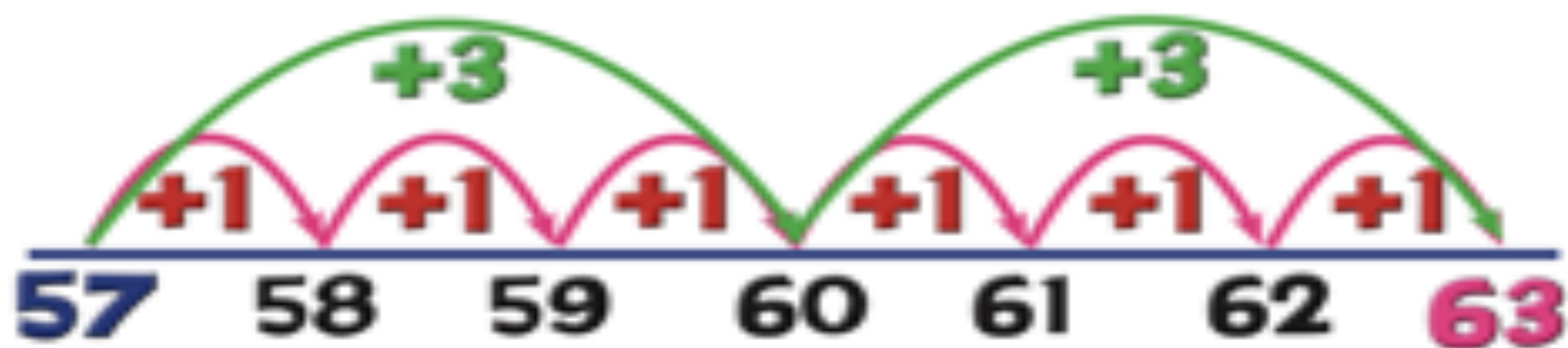
$$90 + 1 = 91$$



Addition

A2b: Counting On

Bridging 10s Number



$$57 + 6 = 63$$



A3a: Forwards Jump

$$57 + 25 = 82$$



A4: Partitioning

$$43 + 24 = 67$$

$$40 + 20 = 60$$

$$3 + 4 = 7$$

$$67$$



(A6: Expanded Column)

Additional Addition

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{10} \quad \text{1} \\ 43 \\ + 24 \\ \hline 7 \\ 60 \\ \hline 67 \end{array}$$



Mental Subtraction

MS3: Round & Adjust

$$84 - 29 = 55$$

$$84 - 30 + 1$$

$$54 + 1 = 55$$



Subtraction

S4a: Counting On

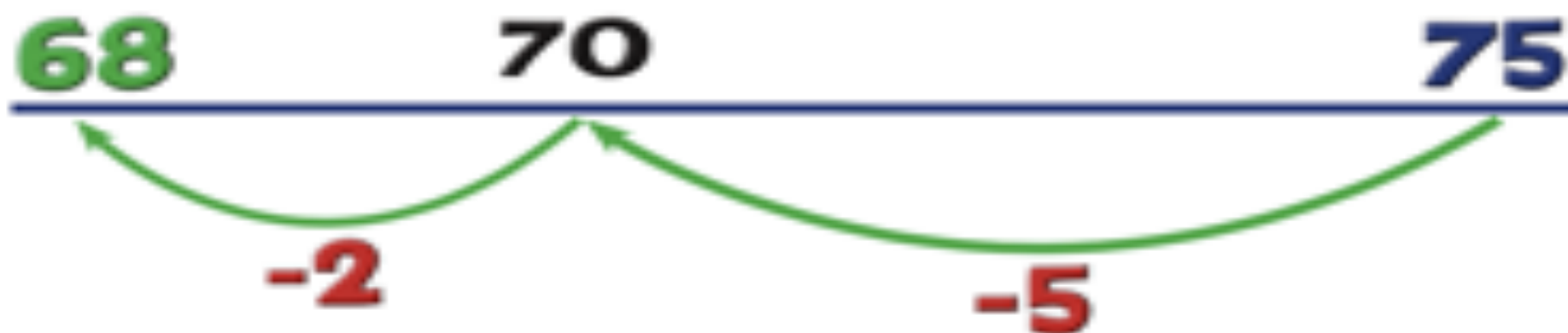


$$83 - 78 = 5$$

"How many more is **83** than **78**? What is the difference?"



S5: Backwards Boing



$$75 - 7 = 68$$



(S11: Column Subtraction)

Additional

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{10} \quad \text{1} \\ 87 \\ - 23 \\ \hline 64 \end{array}$$



Mental Multiplication

MM5: Doubling

Double **17** = **34**

20 + **14** = **34**



Mx2: Table Facts

2x table

2

$2 \times 1 = 2$
 $2 \times 2 = 4$
 $2 \times 3 = 6$
 $2 \times 4 = 8$
 $2 \times 5 = 10$
 $2 \times 6 = 12$
 $2 \times 7 = 14$
 $2 \times 8 = 16$
 $2 \times 9 = 18$
 $2 \times 10 = 20$
 $2 \times 11 = 22$
 $2 \times 12 = 24$

$2 \times 7 = 14$
 $2 \times 2 = 4$
 $2 \times 12 = 24$
 $2 \times 5 = 10$
 $2 \times 9 = 18$
 $2 \times 10 = 20$
 $2 \times 1 = 2$
 $2 \times 11 = 22$
 $2 \times 4 = 8$
 $2 \times 3 = 6$
 $2 \times 8 = 16$
 $2 \times 6 = 12$



Mx5: Table Facts

5x table

5

5 x 1 = 5
5 x 2 = 10
5 x 3 = 15
5 x 4 = 20
5 x 5 = 25
5 x 6 = 30
5 x 7 = 35
5 x 8 = 40
5 x 9 = 45
5 x 10 = 50
5 x 11 = 55
5 x 12 = 60

5 x 5 = 25
5 x 11 = 55
5 x 3 = 15
5 x 6 = 30
5 x 7 = 35
5 x 10 = 50
5 x 2 = 10
5 x 12 = 60
5 x 4 = 20
5 x 1 = 5
5 x 8 = 40
5 x 9 = 45



Mx10: Table Facts

10

10 x 1 = 10
10 x 2 = 20
10 x 3 = 30
10 x 4 = 40
10 x 5 = 50
10 x 6 = 60
10 x 7 = 70
10 x 8 = 80
10 x 9 = 90
10 x 10 = 100
10 x 11 = 110
10 x 12 = 120

10 x 9 = 90
10 x 12 = 120
10 x 4 = 40
10 x 5 = 50
10 x 7 = 70
10 x 10 = 100
10 x 1 = 10
10 x 6 = 60
10 x 2 = 20
10 x 11 = 110
10 x 8 = 80
10 x 3 = 30



Multiplication

M1: Repeated Addition

(Groups)



$$5 \times 3 = 5 + 5 + 5 = 15$$

"5 multiplied by 3" means "5, 3 times", which gives "3 lots of 5"!



M2: Repeated Addition

(Number Line)



$$5 \times 3 = 5 + 5 + 5 = 15$$

"5 times 3" means "5, 3 times!"



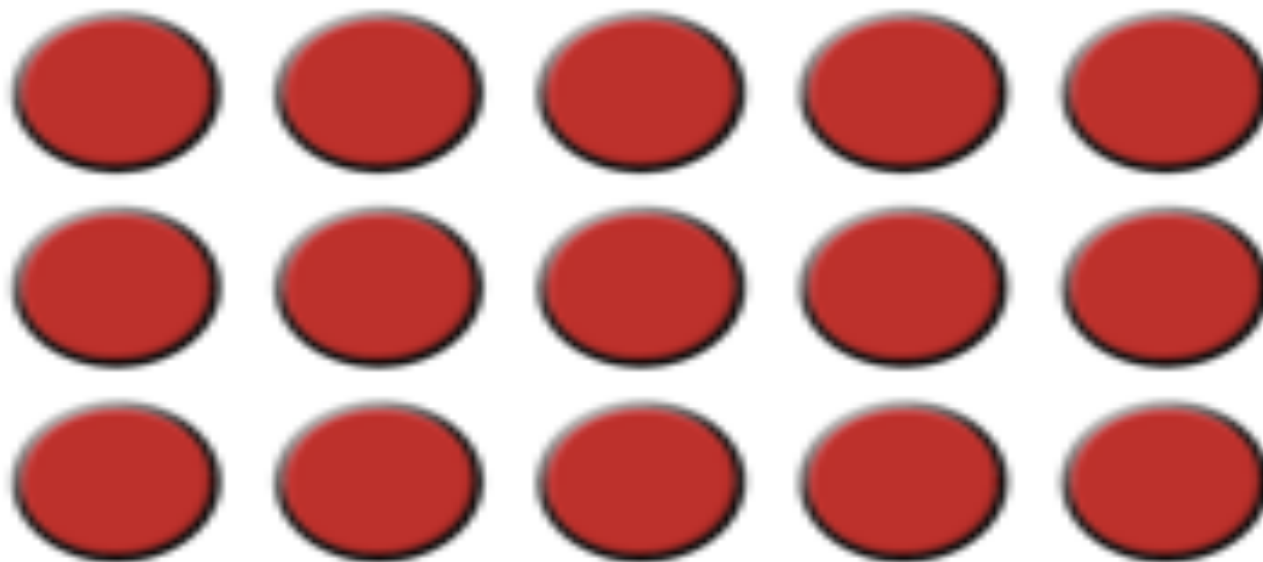
(M3: Arrays)



“2 groups of 5 counters” or “5 groups of 2 counters” - “10 counters altogether”



M3: Arrays



$$3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ or } 5 \times 3 = 15$$

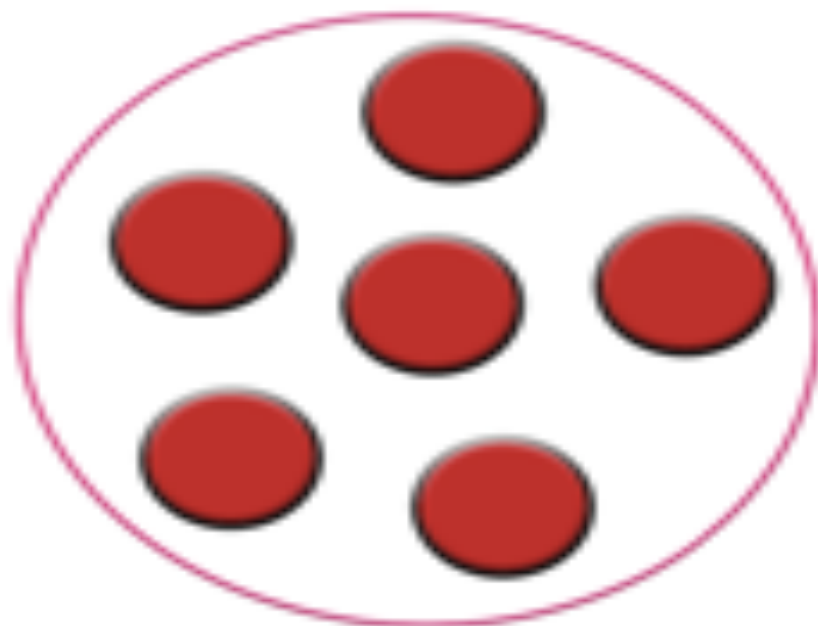
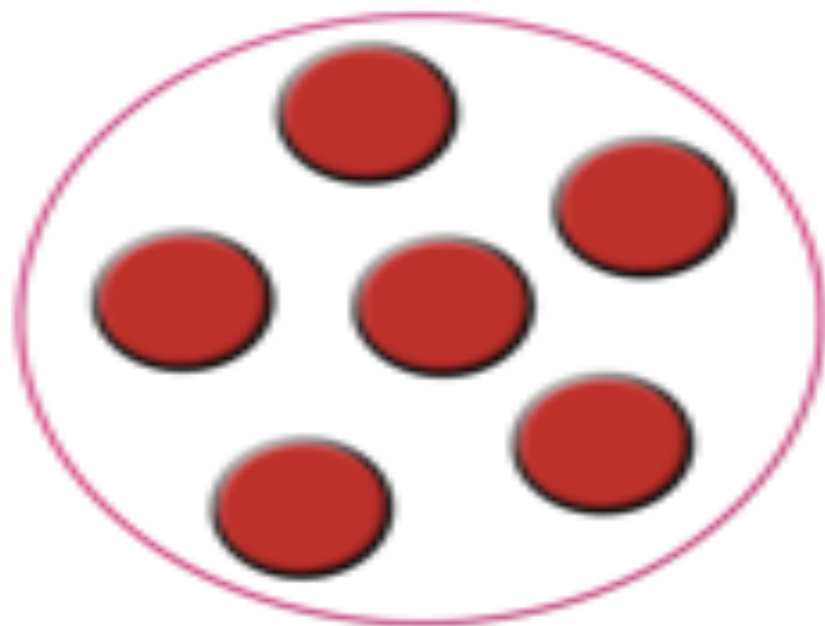


Division

D3: Division as Sharing

$$12 \div 2 = 6$$

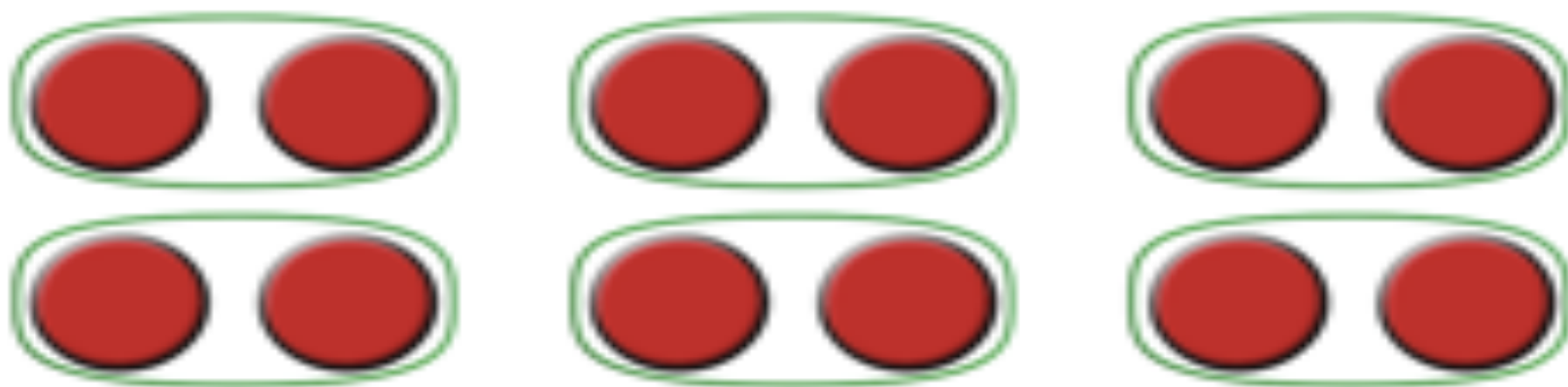
"If I share 12 into 2 equal amounts, how many in each group?" Answer: 6



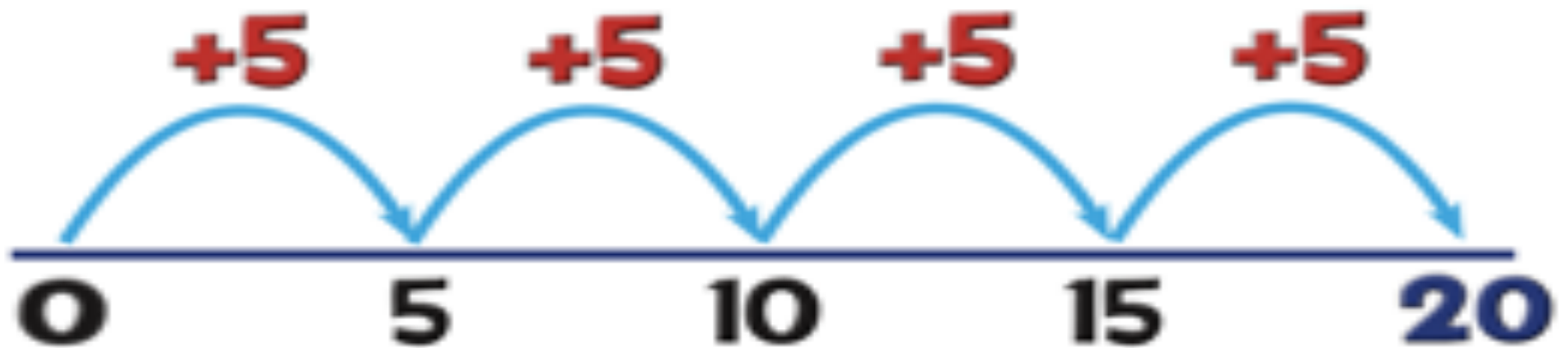
D4: Division as Grouping

$$12 \div 2 = 6$$

"How many groups of 2
can I fit into 12?"
Answer: 6



D5: Grouping on a Number Line



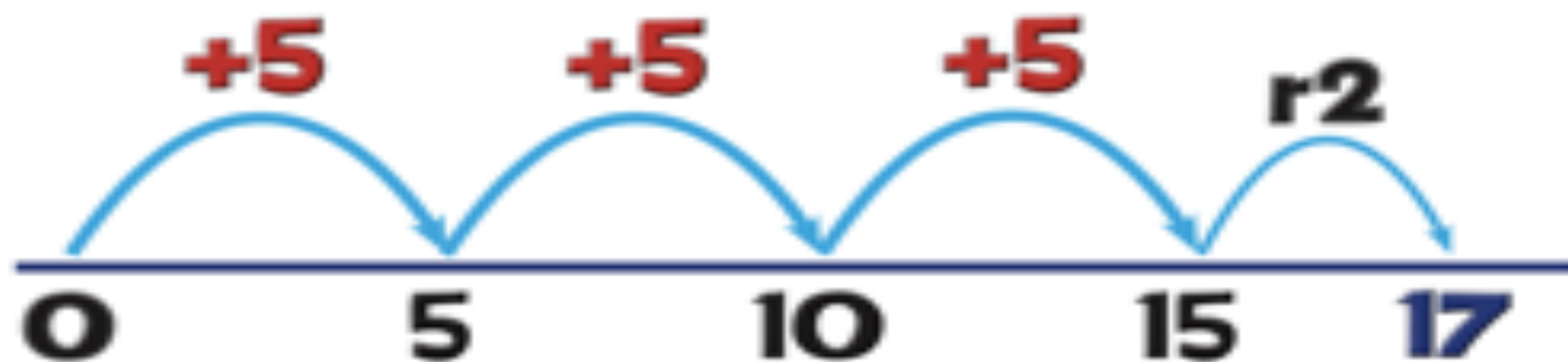
$$20 \div 5 = 4$$

"How many 5s in 20?"
Answer: 4



D5a: Grouping on a Number Line

Remainders



$$17 \div 5 = 3r2$$

"How many 5s in 17?"
Answer: 3 remainder 2

